





## **Document Control and Version Control**

Document Control		
POLICY TITLE:	Relationship and Sex Education Policy	
POLICY AUTHOR:	DCEO - P. Harris	
VERSION NUMBER:	1.0	
DATE APPROVED:	12.09.2024 (trust template)	
DATE EFFECTIVE:	07.03.2025	
DATE DUE FOR REVIEW:	August 2026	
POLICY STATUS:	Statutory policy	
POLICY TYPE:	School Specific – based on Trust template	
REQUIRED TO PUBLISH:	School specific- yes	
POLICY LEAD:	DCEO and A Toro-Pearce	
APPROVAL LEVEL:	Executive Team	

VERSION CONTROL			
VERSION	AUTHOR	DATE	CHANGES
1.0	P Harris and A Toro- Pearce	Sept 2024	New policy template

#### **Ellowes Hall Sports College** Relationship and Sex Education Policy

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#### Mission Excellence every day, unlimited ambition and transforming lives'



Vision 'To create a community of inclusive schools where people choose to learn with us, work with us and belong with us, so that everyone succeeds'



- Respect
- Resilience
- Relationships

## I. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

## 2. Statutory requirements

As a secondary academy, we must provide RSE to all pupils under section 34 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017.

In teaching RSE, we're required by our funding agreements to have regard to guidance issued by the secretary of state, as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

We also have regard to legal duties set out in:

- Sections 406 and 407 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 6, chapter 1 of the Equality Act 2010
- The Public Sector Equality Duty (as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010). This duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

At Ellowes Hall School we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

## 3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- Review the RSE Lead pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local ١. guidance
- 2. Staff consultation – all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation – parents and any interested parties were invited to look at the policy and provide feedback
- 4. Pupil consultation – we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE curriculum via surveys and student focus groups
- 5. Ratification - once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

## 4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity. RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

## 5. Curriculum

Our RSE curriculum is set out as per Appendix I, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary. We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, and taking into account the age, developmental stage, needs and feelings of our pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so that pupils are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

## 6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum which we call ACHIEVE. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the Science curriculum, and other aspects are included in Religious Education (RE), Physical Education (PE), Food and Nutrition, and Computing.

RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- Families
- Respectful relationships, including friendships
- Online and media
- Being safe
- Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices I and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to make sure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents and foster parents/carers, amongst other structures), along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example, looked-after children or young carers). Our SEND students receive the same content but it may be delivered differently using appropriate teaching and learning strategies.

We will also be mindful of the law and legal requirements, taking care not to condone or encourage illegal political activity, such as violent action against people, criminal damage to property, hate crime, terrorism or the illegal use of drugs.

### 6.1 Inclusivity

We will teach about these topics in a manner that:

- Considers how a diverse range of pupils will relate to them
- Is sensitive to all pupils' experiences
- During lessons, makes pupils feel:
  - Safe and supported
  - $\circ$   $\;$  Able to engage with the key messages  $\;$

#### We will also:

- Make sure that pupils learn about these topics in an environment that's appropriate for them, for example in:
  - A whole-class setting
  - Small groups or targeted sessions
  - o I-to-I discussions
  - o Digital formats
- Give careful consideration to the level of differentiation needed

#### 6.2 Use of resources

We will consider whether any resources we plan to use:

• Are aligned with the teaching requirements set out in the statutory RSE guidance

- Would support pupils in applying their knowledge in different contexts and settings
- Are age-appropriate, given the age, developmental stage and background of our pupils
- Are evidence-based and contain robust facts and statistics
- Fit into our curriculum plan
- Are from credible sources
- Are compatible with effective teaching approaches
- Are sensitive to pupils' experiences and won't provoke distress

## 7. Use of external organisations and materials

We will make sure that an agency and any materials used are appropriate and in line with our legal duties around political impartiality.

The school remains responsible for what is said to pupils. This includes making sure that any speakers, tools and resources used don't undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

#### We will:

- Make appropriate checks and engage with external agencies to make sure that their approach to teaching about RSE is balanced, and it and the resources they intend to use:
  - Are age-appropriate
  - Are in line with pupils' developmental stage
  - Comply with:
    - This policy
    - The <u>Teachers' Standards</u>
    - The Equality Act 2010
    - The Human Rights Act 1998
    - The Education Act 1996
- Only work with external agencies where we have full confidence in the agency, its approach and the resources it uses
- Make sure that any speakers and resources meet the intended outcome of the relevant part of the curriculum
- Review any case study materials and look for feedback from other people the agency has worked with
- Be clear on:
  - What they're going to say
  - Their position on the issues to be discussed
  - Ask to see in advance any materials that the agency may use
- Know the named individuals who will be there, and follow our usual safeguarding procedures for these people
- Conduct a basic online search and address anything that may be of concern to us, or to parents and carers
- Check the agency's protocol for taking pictures or using any personal data they might get from a session
- Remind teachers that they can say "no" or, in extreme cases, stop a session
- Make sure that the teacher is in the room during any sessions with external speakers

We **won't**, under any circumstances:

- Work with external agencies that take or promote extreme political positions
- Use materials produced by such agencies, even if the material itself is not extreme

## 8. Roles and responsibilities

#### 8.1 The Trust Board

The Trust Board has delegated the approval of this Trust policy to the Executive Team. They have also delegated the implementation of this policy to the Deputy CEO and the Headteachers of the schools.

#### 8.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from components of RSE (see section 9).

#### 8.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

RSE is delivered by a team of teaching staff who are led by the Head of ACHIEVE.

#### 8.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

## 9. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The headteacher will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action.

Alternative school work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

## 10. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

## **II.** Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Head of ACHIEVE through the school's quality assurance procedures such as lesson observations, learning walks and work scrutiny's.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the DCEO, P. Harris, at least every 2 years. At every review, the policy will be approved by the Executive Team.

## **12.** Appendices

Please see overleaf for appendices.

## Appendix I: Curriculum map Relationships and sex education curriculum map

Year	Term	Topic/theme	Resources
group 7	Autumn I & 2	What is mental wellbeing? What is a growth mindset? How can I make positive friendships?	All lesson resources are created from those provided by The PSHE Association
		What is bullying? What is E-safety? What is cyberbullying? What is puberty? What are periods?	RSE is not covered in Year 11
		What is health prevention? How can I look after my personal health and have good dental hygiene? How can I look after my personal health and have good sleep hygiene?	
7	Summer I	What are the different types of families? What are the different types of marriages? What is the role of parents? What is the law relating to domestic conflict? What is sexual harassment?	
8	Autumn I & 2	How can I deal with feelings? How do I cope with loss? What are drugs? What are the effects of using drugs? What are the effects of smoking & vaping? What is alcohol? What are the effects of alcohol? How might comparing myself to those online impact on my mental wellbeing?	
8	Summer I	What is the law relating to online material? What is grooming and CSE? What is stereotyping and LGBT? What is equality and diversity? What is FGM?	

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	and Sex Educatio	
9	Autumn I & 2	What are the benefits of exercise and physical activity?
		What is mindfulness and how can it help me?
		What are eating disorders?
		What is the difference between diet, food and nutrition?
		What are the effects of energy drinks on my body and mind?
		How can unhealthy lifestyles lead to health implications?
		What is first aid?
		What is CPR?
		What is organ donation?
9	Summer I	What online content is harmful?
		What is consent, rape and sexual exploitation?
		What is contraception?
		What are STI's?
		What is pornography?
10	Autumn I & 2	How can I develop my growth mindset?
		What are the most common types of mental illness?
		How can I deal with exam stress?
		How can I deal with bereavement?
		What is self-examination of my physical health?
		What are drugs & the law?
		What are the effects of drugs on body & mind?
		What is alcohol & the law?
		What are the effects of alcohol on body & mind?
		What are the consequences of smoking & vaping?
10	Spring I and 2	What is a healthy relationship?
		What is gender equality?
		What is reproduction, fertility and the menopause?
		What is consent?
		What are my contraception choices?
		How do I use a condom?
		What are STI's?
		What is HIV and AIDS?
		How do I deal with pregnancy or a miscarriage?
		What are my pregnancy choices? Abortion and adoption

#### Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW			
Families	<ul> <li>That there are different types of committed, stable relationships</li> <li>How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children</li> <li>What marriage is, including their legal status, e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony</li> <li>Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into</li> <li>The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships</li> <li>The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting</li> <li>How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed</li> </ul>			
Respectful relationships, including friendships	<ul> <li>The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship</li> <li>Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships</li> <li>How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice)</li> <li>That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs</li> <li>About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help</li> <li>That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control</li> <li>What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable</li> <li>The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal</li> </ul>			

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Online and media	<ul> <li>Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online</li> <li>About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online</li> <li>Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them</li> <li>What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online</li> <li>The impact of viewing harmful content</li> <li>That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners</li> <li>That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail</li> <li>How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online</li> </ul>
Being safe	<ul> <li>The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships</li> <li>How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)</li> </ul>

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health	<ul> <li>How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship</li> <li>That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing</li> <li>The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women</li> <li>That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others</li> <li>That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex</li> <li>The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available</li> <li>The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage</li> <li>That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)</li> <li>How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing</li> <li>About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment</li> <li>How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment</li> </ul>

## Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS				
Name of child		Class		
Name of parent		Date		
Reason for withdr	rawing from sex education wit	hin relations	hips and sex education	
Any other informa	ation you would like the schoo	ol to conside	er	
Parent signature				
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL				
Agreed actions				
from discussion with parents				